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Garden 3. Department of Agriculture.

Irises



OUR OWN
INTRODUCTIONS
Featuring especially
BRONZE GLORY and
ARABIAN PRINCE

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The SIMPSON IRIS GARDENS

GLEBE ROAD LIVINGSTONE HEIGHTS

CHERRYDALE VIRGINIA

OUR LATEST INTRODUCTIONS

BRONZE GLORY (1933)

Falls rich velvety bronze-red faintly tinged brown with a strong suffusion of yellow underlying the The dominant red coloring. vellow suffusion course is responsible for the bronze and this shows clearly whatever the light, whether morning, noon or afternoon, making it very superior in this coloration to any of the so-called "bronzes" that we have seen. Falls semi-flaring. Height 30-32 inches. fairly large with overlapping standards, and of fine shape. Substance A1; growth good; flowering period rather late. Under observation for six years. Plant in a sunny location and its beauty will be fully apparent.

Probably one of the richest Irises in commerce we have seen nothing in the East as rich.

Priced very low for a new and superior introduction: \$5.00 per strong rhizome (and we mean strong).

"Bronze Glory is without a doubt the most beautiful of all the brown, bronze or red Irises. Every one who saw it exclaimed at its coloring. The blossoms were large and of The blossoms were large and of

a glorious shade of bronze.

At our show it was awarded second prize in the single specimen class (it should have had first), and in the Atlanta show it also received second, first going to Depute Nomblot, and the latter excelled only in size and being anything but bronze. I believe it received more favorable comment than any other Iris shown; the same remark came from all—"It is a glorious bronze color."—Georgia.

"A large bloom and very stunning; I'd call it a magnificent Iris. Splendid foliage and a good increaser. It has the most conspicuous place in my garden."—Tennessee.

A nationally-known horticulturist in Washington, D. C., and who is an Iris lover, exclaimed when first seeing it: "What a beautiful bloom—it is beautiful—what a beautiful clump it will make!"

ARABIAN PRINCE (1932)

Both S. and F. are bright garnet-red (bright redpurple), almost self-colored; the falls are intensely rich and unusually velvety. Height 20-24 inches with blooms of perfect shape and amply large for its height. Substance A1. The coloring is superb—in fact it is gem-like, being richer than any other variety in its color class that we have seen in any planting. Honorable mention by the A. I. S., Washington, 1931. Our stock is still limited due partly to a steady demand for it from those who have seen it and partly to not forcing it.

Remember its height—it is not tall. Price \$3.50 per strong rhizome.

OUR EARLIER INTRODUCTIONS

Arlington (1924)—A distinctly bright red-purple bicolor. Large blooms, fine shape, tall stalks (36 in.) and a fast grower. Stalks so heavily laden with blooms it may need staking in some seasons, like other large varieties. Testimonials regarding Arlington have been received from all sections. It is now so low priced that it can be bought in quantity—35c each; three, 75c.

"Arlington has proven one of the bright garden objects, getting many a second glance in passing."—Minnesota.

"Mr. C. and I decided that Arlington was the outstanding Iris in my garden, in its season. It bloomed wonderfully and I am glad to have something so fine."—Tennessee.

"Arlington would almost rate the highest of all in this section because of its remarkable duration of bloom."—Georgia.

Aphrojune (1930)—Pure bright violet-pink self of fine shape, and excellent for the front of the border. A low growing Aphrodite. Profuse bloomer and always the same color whatever the season. Height 24 inches. 35c each; three, 75c.

Calebee (1925)—Rich medium-sized plicata. S. lavender and white, with red-brown markings on the falls giving a decided bronze effect to the bloom. No washed-out effect as some plicatas have. A reliable bloomer. 24-26 inches. 30c each; three, 75c.

Crystaline (1930)—S. Delicate blue-white; F. bluish lavender, edged white. Bloom large, height moderate (22 in.) and of value because it is one of the latest to bloom. 30c each; three, 75c.

Crystal Pink (1932)—Both S. and F. clear bright lavender-pink. H. M. by the A. I. S., 1931. Its blooming habits do not yet satisfy us and no roots are offered for sale so far.

Elfin White (1928)—A low growing, late blooming snow-white. Good only when such a white is needed. Profuse bloomer. 25c each; three, 50c.

Gamalia (1927)—S. Dark ageratum-violet; F. rich, dark, reddish-purple flushed amber at the base. Standards erect and open. One of the very large varieties; stout stems, 30-34 inches. H. M. by A. I. S. in 1924. 35c each; three, 75c.

Garden Yellow (1930)—Both S. and F. as bright and rich a golden yellow as ever seen in an Iris. Small blooms, profuse flowering and a rapid grower. The rhizomes grow small but increase rapidly. Almost completely sold out for two years in succession, so well-liked by those who saw it. 28 inches. 40c each; three, \$1.00.

Kenmore (1930)—S. and F. both a pale mauve with a touch of light buff in the center of the bloom. Arched and overlapping standards; flaring falls, and of fine shape. Bloom large, tall stalks (34 in.), and a fast grower. A lovely soft coloring. \$1.00 each.

Melrose (1926)—A large bi-color, both S. and F. being shades of lavender and purple. Fine shape and excellent substance. Complimented by some of the largest growers in the country, and it is one of our favorites. A very reliable bloomer. Height 26-28 inches. 35c each; three, 75c.

"Melrose is of such generous size and reliable performance that I cannot omit it."—Minnesota.

"The one flower stalk had five immense blooms—two of which withstood two days of intense heat with a scorching wind blowing continuously. We liked the bloom, the color, the texture and shape, and its endurance under trying conditions. It certainly attracted attention in my garden where I grow some two hundred varieties."—Illinois.

Montpelier (1928)—A plicata, sometimes of too low a growth for the best effects, but its coloring is unusual and attractive. Both S. and F. heavily stippled and veined purple-blue on a whitish ground. Finely shaped. 24 inches. 40c each; three, \$1.00.

Rozanna (1928) — A charming blend of pinkishlilac, fawn and yellow; a dainty piece of coloring. Blooms of medium size, height 28 inches, and rated high in an A. I. S. symposium. 30c each; three, 65c.

Senatobia (1928)—S. Dark violet; F. deep, dusky black-purple. Large blooms of fine shape. If you care for dark Irises you will like this one. The great blackish buds abundantly filling the stalk are themselves a sight to see. Height 30-32 inches. H. M. by the A. I. S., 1924. 35c each; three, 75c.

Topazin (1926)—S. and F. both a shade of soft coppery-yellow that is unusual and attractive, and richer in its tones than most of the yellows. A very late bloomer. H. M. by the A. I. S., 1926. 24 inches. 60c each; three, \$1.50.

Of the above introductions, Arabian Prince, Gamalia, Senatobia, Crystal Pink and Topazin have been given awards by the American Iris Society, each receiving the coveted Honorable Mention; this is a proportionate record not equalled by many other introducers!